DAVIS COUNTY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2013

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Name	Title	Term Expires
	Board of Education	
	(Before September 2012 Election)	
Kenneth Wuthrich	President	2015
Rod Lynch	Vice President	2013
Alan Bodkins	Board Member	2013
Alan Johnson	Board Member	2013
Sheryl Wright	Board Member	2013
Doug Dixon	Board Member	2015
Nancy Hougland	Board Member	2015
	(After September 2012 Election)	
Kenneth Wuthrich	President	2015
Rod Lynch	Vice President	2013
Alan Bodkins	Board Member	2013
Alan Johnson	Board Member	2013
Sheryl Wright	Board Member	2013
Doug Dixon	Board Member	2015
Nancy Hougland	Board Member	2015
	School District Officials	
Dan Maeder	Superintendent	2013
Betsy Bassett	District Secretary/Treasurer and Business Manag	er 2013
Rick Lynch Danielle Haindfield	Attorney	Indefinite



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education
Davis County Community School District
Bloomfield, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Davis County Community School District, Bloomfield, lowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Davis County Community School District at June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 5 through 11 and 36 through 38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Davis County Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2012, (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 7, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit* Organizations, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Van Mainer, Sictstra & Meyer, PC

In accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2013, on our consideration of the Davis County Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Davis County Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Van Maanen, Sietstra & Meyer, PC Certified Public Accountants

October 23, 2013

Davis County Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2013Financial Highlights

General Fund revenues increased from \$11,524,025 in fiscal year 2012 to \$11,775,345 in fiscal year 2013, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$11,492,622 in fiscal year 2012 to \$11,599,076 in fiscal year 2013. The District's General Fund balance increased from \$910,178 at the end of fiscal year 2012 to \$1,086,447 at the end of fiscal year 2013, a 19.36 percent increase.

The fiscal year 2013 General Fund revenue increase was attributable to increases in local sources. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an increase in instruction costs.

The District has a solvency ratio of 8.03 percent which is up 3.5 percent from fiscal year 2012. Experts recommend a solvency ratio between 5-15 percent. A district can only impact its solvency ratio by either increasing revenues or by reducing expenditures or a combination of both. The 10 percent across-the-board state budget reduction in revenue in October 2009 affected the district's solvency ratio, but it is beginning to rebound as a result of revenue increases in fiscal year 2013 being greater than the expenditure increase. The district continues to use the cash reserve levy to generate revenue to replace the cash reserve that had to be used following the 10 percent across-the-board state budget reduction. The district's goal is to have a 15 percent solvency ratio in order to prepare for potential state or federal budget reductions or cuts that experts say occur approximately every five years.

The District continued to support professional development for implementation of the Iowa Core Curriculum and for improvement in reading, mathematics, science, technology and character education. Going forward, the District will be involved in the many facets of the Teacher Leadership and Compensation System passed by the legislature in fiscal year 2013.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts f the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.

The *governmental funds statements* explain how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary funds statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses, such as food services.

Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements of the District's budget for the year.

District-wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's *net assets* and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories.

Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program would be included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.

The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship differences between the two statements.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the District-wide statements.

The District's enterprise fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one enterprise fund—school nutrition program.

Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as scholarships.

The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Currently, one scholarship is held in this fund.

Figure A-1 below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2013 compared to June 30, 2012. There was a reallocation of some governmental assets to business-type assets relating to assets in the new high school building.

					Figure A-1							
				Condensed S	Statement of N	Net Position						
	(Expressed in Thousands)											
		Governn	nental	Busines	s type	Tota	al	Total				
		Activit	es	Activit	ies	Distr	ict	Change				
		June 3	30,	June	30,	June 3	30,	June 30,				
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2012-2013				
Current and other assets	\$	9,673	9,240	32	59	9,705	9,299	4.4%				
Capital assets		11,782	12,428	437	165	12,219	12,593	-3.0%				
Total assets		21,455	21,668	469	224	21,924	21,892	0.1%				
Long-term liabilities		9,567	9,985	-	-	9,567	9,985	-4.2%				
Other liabilities		5,978	5,789	15	12	5,993	5,801	3.3%				
Total liabilities		15,545	15,774	15	12	15,560	15,786	-1.4%				
Net Position: Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		2,502	2,828	437	165	2,939	2,993	-1.8%				
Restricted		2,651	2,660	-	-	2,651	2,660	-0.3%				
Unrestricted		757	535	17	47	774	582	33.0%				
Total Net Position	\$	5,910	6,023	454	212	6,364	6,235	2.1%				

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District has strong fund balances and trend data is improving. Experts in school finance recommend a General Fund solvency ratio between 5-15 percent, and the District is at 8.03 percent. Our trend is improving due to General Fund expenditures not exceeding revenues for the last threeyears. The District has determined needs in several areas, and is carefully utilizing existing balances to improve those areas. These areas include, but are not limited to, increasing student achievement, improving professional development, updating infrastructure needs and maintaining quality staff.

Figure A-2 shows the change in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2013 compared to the year ended June 30, 2012.

	Figure A-2 Changes in Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)										
		Govern	mental	Busines	ss type	То	tal	Total			
		Activi	ties	Activ	ities	Dist	trict	Change			
			June 30,	Year ende		Year ende		June 30,			
	2	013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2012-2013			
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for service	\$	898	970	244	220	1,142	1,190	-4.0%			
Operating grants, contributions and						·	•				
restricted interest		2,063	2,196	311	294	2,374	2,490	-4.7%			
General revenues:		,	·			·	•				
Property tax		4,215	3,625		-	4,215	3,625	16.3%			
Local option sales and service tax		1,004	889		-	1,004	889	12.9%			
Unrestricted state grants		5,164	5,220		-	5,164	5,220	-1.1%			
Unrestricted investment earnings		15	12		-	15	12	25.0%			
Other		(260)	236	293	(2)	33	234	-85.9%			
Total revenues	1	3,099	13,148	848	512	13,947	13,660	2.1%			
Program expenses:											
Governmental activities:											
Instruction		8,488	8,422	_	_	8,488	8,422	0.8%			
Support services		3,825	3,721	-	-	3,825	3,721	2.8%			
Non-instructional programs		-	-	606	535	606	535	13.3%			
Other expenses		899	915	-	-	899	915	-1.7%			
Total expenses	1	3,212	13,058	606	535	13,818	13,593	1.7%			
Extraordinary item			1	-	-	-	1	-100.0%			
Change in Net Position	\$	(113)	91	242	(23)	129	68	89.7%			

In the 2012-13 school year:

The District used the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL) Fund for infrastructure expenses that included remodeling an area in the elementary school building for additional classrooms due to increased enrollment in that building. The District continued with its technology purchases due to the increased need in that area that is always changing. Money will continue to be budgeted for technology expenses for years to come.

Sales tax revenues were also used for technology purchases, a new school bus, maintenance work on handrails and steps, and electrical updates in the elementary school building. Sales tax revenues continue to make the revenue bond payments in the amount of \$803,030 as well as \$40,000 for the Rural Economic Development Loan payment.

The following table, A-3, presents the cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services and other expenses for the year ended June 30, 2013 compared to the year ended June 30, 2012.

		Figure A-3 Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)									
		otal Cost of	Services	Change	Net Cost of	Services	Change				
		2013	2012	2012-2013	2013	2012	2012-2013				
Instruction	\$	8,488	8,422	0.8%	5,957	5,674	5.0%				
Support services		3,825	3,721	2.8%	3,825	3,721	2.8%				
Other expenses		899	915	-1.7%	469	497	-5.6%				
Totals	\$	13,212	13,058	1.2%	10,251	9,892	3.6%				

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$13,212,000. The increase of \$154,000, or 1.2 percent, was due to increased costs in the instruction and support services functions attributable to increased employee salaries and benefits.

The portion of the cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$10,251,000.

The net portion of the governmental activities was financed with \$5,218,900 in property and sales tax and \$5,164,040 in state sources.

Business-type Activities

The District's business-type activity is the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues from these activities were comprised of charges for services, federal and state reimbursements and investment income. Revenues in the District's business-type activities increased by \$44,411--from \$511,948 in fiscal year 2012 to \$556,359 in fiscal year 2013. Expenses continued to increase from \$534,418 in fiscal year 2012 to \$605,998 in fiscal year 2013 for a total increase of \$71,580. Increased expenses were seen in salaries and benefits, supplies and depreciation expense.

Financial Analysis of the District Funds

As previously noted, the Davis County Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with the finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund Highlights

The General Fund balance was \$1,086,447, a net increase of \$176,269 from the prior year, or 19.36 percent.

The fund balance total of all Governmental Funds increased from \$3,535,604 to \$3,780,390. This was an increase of 6.92 percent.

General Fund revenues continue to be affected by adequate and timely supplemental state aid (formerly allowable growth). School districts have a hard time preparing certified budgets when revenue estimates are unknown. Being able to use the Capital Projects Fund for technology expenses has provided some relief for the General Fund.

Early retirement benefits associated with a previous early retirement policy are becoming less of a burden on the Management Fund.

Business-type Highlights

The District continues to see expenses increase at a faster rate than revenues in the School Nutrition Fund. The purchase of more fresh fruits and vegetables to comply with the Healthy Kids Act drives expenses, but the increased revenue in fiscal year 2013 is a good sign that the District is making a recovery from the "implementation dip" felt in fiscal year 2012.

Davis County Community School District Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2013

The USDA's request for districts to increase their lunch and breakfast prices to equal the federal reimbursement rate for free and reduced meals is requiring the District to increase its student meal prices some each year. The District does not expect this to increase revenues drastically because it will basically just rearrange revenues from federal to local revenue.

In fiscal year 2013, a blast chiller was purchased. It is hoped that the chiller will enable the District to purchase more local fruits and vegetables during the summer growing season to be frozen and then thawed for use during the school year. The end goal is to provide healthy, appealing and nutritious food that will lead to more student participation.

Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice for all funds, except component units, internal service funds, permanent funds and agency funds. This is referred to as the certified budget. The certified budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's certified budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis.

School districts have two levels of budgetary control. One form of budgetary control exists through the "certified budget," which includes all funds of the District as noted above. This budget is certified with the County Auditor and Department of Management each year. Iowa school districts may not certify a general fund budget in excess of its spending authority.

The other level of budgetary control is the "unspent (maximum) authorized budget" and pertains only to the General Fund of the District. The maximum authorized budget is the total "spending authority" in the General Fund of the District. The unspent balance of the budgetary concept does not mean the "actual General Fund cash." It is imperative for patrons of District financial information to make this important distinction. The unspent balance is a budgetary carryover and does not represent actual dollars (General Fund) or actual financial position (unassigned General Fund balance) of the District.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

	 Figure A-4 Capital Assets, net of Depreciation (Expressed in Thousands)										
	 Carrana	no mtol			•	al	Total				
	Governr Activit		Busine: Activ		Tot Distr		Total Change				
	 June 30,		June	30,	June 30,		June 30,				
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2012-2013				
Land	\$ 107	107	-	-	107	107	0.0%				
Buildings	10,844	11,412	-	-	10,844	11,412	-5.0%				
Improvements other than buildings	557	628	-	-	557	628	-11.3%				
Furniture and equipment	 274	281	437	165	711	446	59.4%				
Totals	\$ 11,782	12,428	437	165	12,219	12,593	-3.0%				

A reallocation of \$291,719 from governmental assets to business-type assets was made to correct assets relating to the new high school building.

By the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had invested \$11,782,341, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, promethean boards, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment.

Long-term Debt

	 Figure A-5 Outstanding Long-Term Obligations (Expressed in Thousands)									
	Tota	al	Total							
	Distr	rict	Change							
	 June	30,	June 30,							
	 2013	2012	2012-2013							
Revenue bonds	\$ 8,980	9,260	-3.0%							
Notes	300	340	0.0%							
Bond premiums	54	57	-5.3%							
Early retirement	101	229	-55.9%							
Compensated absences	28	26	7.7%							
Net OPEB liability	 104	73	42.5%							
Totals	\$ 9,567	9,985	-4.2%							

At year-end, the District had \$9,515,138 in sales tax revenue bond debt and other long-term outstanding debt. This represents a decrease from last year. Bond premiums, early retirement and the balance of the Rural Economic Development Loan decreased, but Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities increased.

\$280,000 was paid on the principal debt for the high school building project, and a principal amount of \$8,980,000 remains.

\$40,000 was paid on the no-interest Rural Economic Development Loan through Southern Iowa Electric Coop. The remaining principal amount is \$300,000. The loan is being repaid \$10,000 quarterly beginning in January 2012. Loan repayment will be completed in October 2020. The loan is being repaid from one cent sales tax funds for Capital Projects expenditures.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- Enrollment: Student numbers at the elementary school building are increasing which is always good, but decisions will
 need to be made regarding accommodations for the increasing students in that building. However, student enrollment
 at the secondary level decreased as a result of the graduation of a comparatively large senior class and promotion of a
 relatively small 5th grade class.
- Future across-the-board cuts, funding freezes and low supplemental state aid rates (formerly allowable growth)
- Employee contract settlements
- Affordable Care Act: The magnitude of costs associated with the regulations of Health Care Reform is still unknown.
- Increases in employer share of IPERS
- Funding mechanism for rural school districts' transportation costs that does not directly or indirectly impact funding for the education program
- Planning and preparing for Phase 2 of the high school building project
- Planning and preparing for a new track and football field
- Planning and preparing for a new bus barn
- Upkeep costs for the elementary and middle school buildings
- Requirements of Education Reform

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Betsy Bassett, Board Secretary/Business Manager, Davis County Community School District, 608 South Washington Street, Bloomfield, Iowa 52537-2137.

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit A

Davis County Community School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2013

Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:		vernmental Activities	Business type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents		Activities	Activities	10171
Cash and cash equivalents	\$			Total
·	Ψ	4,443,192	2,676	4,445,868
Necelvables.		4,443,132	2,070	4,443,000
Property tax:				
Delinquent		78,287		78,287
Succeeding year		4,476,494	-	4,476,494
Accounts		2,373	-	2,373
Due from other governments		539,067	-	539,067
Inventories		339,007	29,306	29,306
Bond issuance costs		133,125	29,300	133,125
		11,782,341	436,784	12,219,125
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets		21,454,879	468,766	21,923,645
i otai assets		21,454,079	400,700	21,923,043
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		135,039	206	135,245
Salaries and benefits payable		1,142,861	2,379	1,145,240
Due to other governments		3,634	-	3,634
Accrued interest payable		219,015	-	219,015
Deferred revenue:				
Succeeding year property tax		4,476,494	-	4,476,494
Other		995	10,172	11,167
Long-term liabilities:				
Portion due within one year:				
Early retirement		78,267	-	78,267
Revenue bonds		365,000	-	365,000
Notes		40,000	-	40,000
Compensated absences		28,307	1,846	30,153
Portion due after one year:				
Bond premiums		53,820	-	53,820
Early retirement		22,943	-	22,943
Revenue bonds		8,615,000	_	8,615,000
Notes		260,000	_	260,000
Net OPEB liability		103,775	_	103,775
Total liabilities		15,545,150	14,603	15,559,753
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		2,502,341	436,784	2,939,125
Restricted for:				
Management levy purposes		236,380	-	236,380
Physical plant and equipment		80,568	-	80,568
Debt service		1,176,299	-	1,176,299
School infrastructure		847,589	-	847,589
Student activities		134,092	-	134,092
Categorical funding		175,383	-	175,383
Unrestricted		757,077	17,379	774,456
Total net position	\$	5,909,729	454,163	6,363,892

Exhibit B

Davis County Community School District Statement of Activities
Year ended June 30, 2013

	-					
		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense	e) Revenue and Cha Position	anges in Net
		•	Operating Grants, Contributions			
	Evnoncoo	Charges for	and Restricted	Governmental Activities	Business-Type	Total
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Service	Interest	Activities	Activities	TOlai
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 6,256,416	530,229	853,560	(4,872,627)	-	(4,872,627)
Special	1,472,245	106,413	747,328	(618,504)	-	(618,504)
Other	759,082	261,284	32,096	(465,702)	-	(465,702)
Cuppert Carriage	8,487,743	897,926	1,632,984	(5,956,833)	-	(5,956,833)
Support Service: Student	271,953			(271,953)		(271,953)
Instructional staff	308,474	-	_	(308,474)	_	(308,474)
Administration	1,493,617	_	_	(1,493,617)	_	(1,493,617)
Operating and maintenance of plant	959,141	_	_	(959,141)	_	(959,141)
Transportation	792,092	_	_	(792,092)	_	(792,092)
4.	3,825,277	-	-	(3,825,277)	-	(3,825,277)
Other expenditures:				,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Facilities acquisition	29,089	-	-	(29,089)	-	(29,089)
Long-term debt interest	439,530	-	-	(439,530)	-	(439,530)
AEA flowthrough	430,125	-	430,125	-	-	
	898,744	-	430,125	(468,619)	-	(468,619)
Total governmental activities	13,211,764	897,926	2,063,109	(10,250,729)	-	(10,250,729)
Business type activities:						
Non-instructional programs:						
Food service operations	605,998	243,924	310,792	-	(51,282)	(51,282)
Total	\$ 13,817,762	1,141,850	2,373,901	(10,250,729)	(51,282)	(10,302,011)
General revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				\$ 4,120,096	-	4,120,096
Capital outlay				94,798	-	94,798
Statewide sales, services and use tax				1,004,006	-	1,004,006
Unrestricted state grants				5,164,040	-	5,164,040
Unrestricted investment earnings				15,190	1,643	16,833
Other				37,230	-	37,230
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	_			(34,243) 28,743	-	(34,243) 28,743
Contributions not restricted to specific programs Capital contributions	5			(291,719)	291,719	20,743
Capital Contributions			•	(291,719)	291,719	
Total general revenues				10,138,141	293,362	10,431,503
Change in net position				(112,588)	242,080	129,492
Net position beginning of year, as restated				6,022,317	212,083	6,234,400
Net position end of year			:	\$ 5,909,729	454,163	6,363,892

Exhibit C

Davis County Community School District
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2013

		Debt	Capital		
	 General	Service	Projects	Non-Major	Total
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,088,276	592,284	1,388,653	373,979	4,443,192
Receivables:					
Property tax:					
Delinquent	70,481	-	2,260	5,546	78,287
Succeeding year	4,177,651	-	98,844	199,999	4,476,494
Accounts	2,373	-	-	-	2,373
Due from other governments	 179,606	-	359,461	-	539,067
Total assets	\$ 6,518,387	592,284	1,849,218	579,524	9,539,413
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 106,799	-	19,187	9,053	135,039
Salaries and benefits payable	1,142,861	-	-	-	1,142,861
Due to other governments	3,634	-	-	-	3,634
Deferred revenue:					
Succeeding year property tax	4,177,651	-	98,844	199,999	4,476,494
Other	995	-	-	-	995
Total liabilities	5,431,940	-	118,031	209,052	5,759,023
Fund balances:					
Restricted for:					
Categorical funding	175,383	-	-	-	175,383
Debt service	-	592,284	803,030	-	1,395,314
Management levy purposes	-	-	-	236,380	236,380
Student activities	-	-	-	134,092	134,092
School infrastructure	-	-	847,589	· -	847,589
Physical plant and equipment	-	-	80,568	-	80,568
Unassigned	911,064	-	· -	-	911,064
Total fund balances	 1,086,447	592,284	1,731,187	370,472	3,780,390
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,518,387	592,284	1,849,218	579,524	9,539,413

Exhibit D

Davis County Community School District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Total fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 3,780,390
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		11,782,341
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(219,015)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, early retirement, compensated absences and other postemployment benefits payable are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental		
funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Revenue bonds payable	\$ (8,980,000)	
Notes payable Bond issuance costs	(300,000) 133,125	
Bond premiums	(53,820)	
Early retirement	(101,210)	
Compensated absences	(28,307)	
Other postemployment benefits	 (103,775)	(9,433,987)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,909,729

Exhibit E

Davis County Community School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year ended June 30, 2013

		Debt	Capital		
		Debt	Capital		
	 General	Service	Projects	Non-Major	Total
Revenues:					
Local sources:	0.000.004				- 0.40.000
Local tax	\$ 3,820,861	-	1,098,804	299,235	5,218,900
Tuition	646,647	-	-	<u>-</u>	646,647
Other	74,378	13	4,259	251,158	329,808
State sources	6,577,121	-	59	187	6,577,367
Federal sources	652,416	-	-	-	652,416
Total revenues	 11,771,423	13	1,103,122	550,580	13,425,138
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	5,895,019	-	-	96,306	5,991,325
Special	1,446,052	-	_	· -	1,446,052
Other	459,518	-	-	269,003	728,521
	7,800,589	-	-	365,309	8,165,898
Support services:	 1,000,000			,	2,100,000
Student	269,932	_	_	_	269,932
Instructional staff	190,528	_	82,786	_	273,314
Administration	1,328,546	_	-	133,147	1,461,693
Operation and maintenance of plant	901,120	_	7,200	46,637	954,957
Transportation	678,236	_	97,863	13,495	789,594
Transportation	 3,368,362		187,849	193,279	3,749,490
Other expenditures:	 0,000,002		107,040	100,270	0,140,400
Facilities acquisition	_	_	73,366	_	73,366
Long-term debt:	-	-	73,300	-	73,300
Principal Principal		320,000			320,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	445,830	-	-	445,830
	120 125	445,630	-	-	
AEA flowthrough	 430,125	705.000	70.000	-	430,125
Tatal assaulturas	 430,125	765,830	73,366	-	1,269,321
Total expenditures	 11,599,076	765,830	261,215	558,588	13,184,709
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	172,347	(765,817)	841,907	(8,008)	240,429
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of equipment	3,922	-	435	-	4,357
Operating transfers in	-	843,030	-	-	843,030
Operating transfers out	_	, -	(843,030)	-	(843,030)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,922	843,030	(842,595)	-	4,357
- , ,			,	(0.000)	
Net change in fund balances	176,269	77,213	(688)	(8,008)	244,786
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated	 910,178	515,071	1,731,875	378,480	3,535,604

Davis County Community School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	244,786
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows: Capital outlays Capital contributed Sale of equipment Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Depreciation expense	\$ 151,700 (291,719) (4,357) (34,243) (466,899)	(645,518)
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums, whereas these amounts are deferred in and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The amounts in the current year are as follows:		
Principal repaid Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums	 320,000 (7,831) 3,166	315,335
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		6,300
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits	 (2,266) (31,225)	(33,491)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(112,588)

Exhibit G

Davis County Community School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2013

	School Nutrition		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,676		
Inventories	29,306		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	436,784		
Total assets	468,766		
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	206		
Salaries and benefits payable	2,379		
Deferred revenue:			
Other	10,172		
Compensated absences	1,846		
Total liabilities	14,603		
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets	436,784		
Unrestricted	17,379		
Total net position	\$ 454,163		

Exhibit H

Davis County Community School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2013

	School Nutrition
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	
Charges for service	\$ 243,924
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	218,231
Benefits	50,503
Purchased services	6,312
Supplies	281,234
Depreciation	49,584
Miscellaneous	134
Total operating expenses	605,998
Operating loss	 (362,074)
Non-operating revenues:	
Interest income	1,643
State sources	4,763
Federal sources	306,029
	312,435
Other sources (uses):	
Capital contributions	291,719
Capital Continuations	 231,713
Change in net position	242,080
Net position beginning of year	212,083
Net position end of year	\$ 454,163
See notes to financial statements.	

Exhibit I

Davis County Community School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year ended June 30, 2013

		School Nutrition
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services Net cash used by operating activities	\$	246,574 (268,603) (239,917) (261,946)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: State grants received Federal grants received Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		4,763 264,675 269,438
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(29,603) (29,603)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments Net cash used by investing activities		1,643 1,643
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(20,468)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		23,144
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,676
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	\$	(362,074)
net cash used by operating activities: Commodities used Depreciation Decrease in inventories (Decrease) in accounts payable (Decrease) in salaries and benefits payable Increase in deferred revenue Increase in compensated absences Net cash used by operating activities	\$	41,354 49,584 6,628 (219) (43) 2,650 174 (261,946)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to specific assets included on Statement of Net Position: Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at year end	\$ \$	2,676 2,676

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the District received \$41,354 of federal commodities.

Exhibit J

Davis County Community School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2013

	 te Purpose Trust nolarship
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$ 3,424
Total assets	\$ 3,424
Net position	
Reserved for scholarships	\$ 3,424

Exhibit K

Davis County Community School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2013

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship
Additions: Local sources:	
Gifts and contributions Interest on investments Total additions	\$ 500 7 507
Deductions: Instruction: Regular: Scholarships awarded	500_
Change in net position	7
Net position beginning of year	3,417
Net position end of year	\$ 3,424

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Davis County Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades pre-K through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as vocational and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the City of Bloomfield, Iowa and the predominate agricultural territory in portions of Davis and Van Buren counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Davis County Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Davis County Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organization</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Davis County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position (previously referred to as net assets) and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Project Fund accounts.

<u>Fund accounting</u> - The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/Net Position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The District has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other revenues to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The other governmental funds of the District are considered non-major and are as follows:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: The Special Revenue Funds account for the revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These funds consist of the following:

Management Fund: This fund is authorized by lowa Code Section 298.4 and accounts for transactions related to unemployment, early retirement, judgments and settlements and the cost of liability insurance as it relates to property and casualty.

Student Activity Funds: This fund accounts for transactions that occur due to student-related activities from groups and organizations such as athletic and activity events, fundraising and other extra-curricular or co-curricular activities.

Proprietary Fund Types: Proprietary fund types are used to account for the District's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows. The following are the District's proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the District has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the District has elected to apply all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those pronouncements which conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The following enterprise fund of the District is considered non-major:

School Nutrition Fund: This fund accounts for transactions related to the school lunch, breakfast and summer food programs authorized by Iowa Code 283A.

Fiduciary Fund Types: Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for the benefit of others and cannot be used to support District activities. The District has the following fiduciary fund type:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u>: These funds account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used to benefit individuals through scholarship awards.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted Net Position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2011 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2012.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	<u>Amount</u>
Land	\$ 2,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	3,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	300
Other furniture and equipment	2,500

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated Useful Lives Asset Class (In Years)
Buildings 50 years Improvements other than buildings 20-50 years Furniture and equipment 5-15 years

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> - Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as the succeeding year's property tax receivable.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Position consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as the succeeding year's property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees who have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2013. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Equity – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts which an be used only for specific purposes determined pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to year end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Restricted Net Position - In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, Net Position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2013, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the non-instructional programs function.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2013 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2013, the District had investments as follows:

Success Bank Certificate of Deposit	\$ 2,605
Community First Bank Certificate of Deposit	3,206
Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust:	
Diversified Portfolio	341
Bankers Trust ISJIT	
Diversified Portfolio	1,387,074
	\$ 1,393,226

The investments in the Iowa School Joint Investment Trust are valued at an amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Credit risk. The investments in the lowa School Joint Investment Trust were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

(3) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amou	nt
Debt Service	Capital Projects	\$	843,030

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

		Balance			Bala	nce End of
	Beg	inning of Year	Increases	Decreases		Year
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	107,275	-	-		107,275
Total capital assets not being depreciated		107,275	-	-		107,275
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		14,914,740	-	291,719		14,623,021
Improvements other than buildings		1,896,662	44,277	90,576		1,850,363
Furniture and equipment		1,966,047	107,423	230,604		1,842,866
Total capital assets being depreciated		18,777,449	151,700	612,899		18,316,250
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		3,502,498	288,260	11,668		3,779,090
Improvements other than buildings		1,268,883	64,776	40,308		1,293,351
Furniture and equipment		1,685,484	113,863	230,604		1,568,743
Total accumulated depreciation		6,456,865	466,899	282,580		6,641,184
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		12,320,584	(315,199)	330,319		11,675,066
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	12,427,859	(315,199)	330,319		11,782,341
Business type activities:						
Furniture and equipment	\$	309,422	321,322	_		630,744
Less accumulated depreciation	Ψ	144,376	49,584	-		193,960
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$	165,046	271,738			436,784
Dusiness type activities capital assets, net	Ψ	100,040	211,130			730,707
Depreciation expense was charged to the following fu	nctions	s:				
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular					\$	249,526
Special						22,668
Other						30,561
Support services:						,
Student						1,014
Instructional staff						35,160
Administration						23,175
Operation and maintenance of plant						3,311
Transportation						101,484
Total depreciation expense - governmental activit	ies			_	\$	466,899
-				=		
Business type activities:						
Food service operations				=	\$	49,584

(5) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013 are summarized as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due
	Beginning			End of	Within
	of Year	Additions	Reductions	Year	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 9,260,000	-	280,000	8,980,000	365,000
Rural economic development loan	340,000	-	40,000	300,000	40,000
Early retirement	229,251	-	128,041	101,210	78,267
Compensated absences	26,041	28,307	26,041	28,307	28,307
Net OPEB liability	72,550	46,524	15,299	103,775	-
Total	\$ 9,927,842	74,831	489,381	9,513,292	511,574
Business type activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 1,672	1,846	1,672	1,846	1,846
	\$ 1,672	1,846	1,672	1,846	1,846

Revenue Bonds

Details of the District's June 30, 2013 statewide sales, service and use tax revenue bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Bond Issue of June 22, 2009						
Year Ending						
June 30,		Interest Rates		Principal	Interest	Total
2	014	4.50	\$	365,000	429,817	794,817
2	015	4.50		380,000	413,055	793,055
2	016	4.50		395,000	395,618	790,618
2	017	4.50		415,000	377,392	792,392
2	018	4.50		430,000	358,380	788,380
2	019	4.30		445,000	339,138	784,138
2	020	4.50		465,000	319,107	784,107
2	021	4.60		485,000	297,490	782,490
2	022	5.00		510,000	273,585	783,585
2	023	5.00		530,000	247,585	777,585
2	024	5.00		555,000	220,460	775,460
2	025	5.00		585,000	191,960	776,960
2	026	5.00		620,000	161,835	781,835
2	027	5.20		650,000	129,435	779,435
2	028	5.20		680,000	94,855	774,855
2	029	5.25		720,000	58,275	778,275
2	030	5.25		750,000	19,687	769,687
		Total	\$	8,980,000	4,327,674	13,307,674

The District has pledged future statewide sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the \$9,695,000 of bonds issued in June, 2009. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of a new school. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues received by the District and are payable through 2030. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District. However, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$13,307,674. For the current year, \$280,000 of principal and \$444,330 of interest was paid on the bonds and total statewide sales, services and use tax revenues were \$1,004,006.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonds includes the following provisions:

- a) \$803,030 of the proceeds from the issuance of the revenue bonds shall be deposited to a reserve account to be used solely for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the bonds if insufficient money is available in the sinking account. The balance of the proceeds shall be deposited to the project account.
- b) All proceeds from the statewide sales, services and use tax shall be placed in a revenue account.
- c) Monies in the revenue account shall be disbursed to make deposits into a sinking account to pay the principal and interest requirements of the revenue bonds for the fiscal year.
- d) Any monies remaining in the revenue account after the required transfer to the sinking account may be transferred to the project account to be used for any lawful purpose.

Notes

Details of the District's June 30, 2013 Rural Economic Development loan indebtedness are as follows:

Note Issue of December, 2010						
Year Ending						
June 30,	Interest Rates		Principal	Interest	Total	
2014	0.00%	\$	40,000	-	40,000	
2015	0.00%		40,000	-	40,000	
2016	0.00%		40,000	-	40,000	
2017	0.00%		40,000	-	40,000	
2018	0.00%		40,000	-	40,000	
2019	0.00%		40,000	-	40,000	
2020	0.00%		40,000	-	40,000	
2021	0.00%		20,000	-	20,000	
	Total	\$	300,000	-	300,000	

(6) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.78% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 8.67% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The District's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$683,918, \$620,682, and \$512,042, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(7) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District operates a retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. There are 54 active and 8 retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug coverage is purchased through an outside provider. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which results in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2013, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 51,369
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,814
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(6,659)
Annual OPEB cost	46,524
Contributions made	(15,299)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	31,225
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	72,550
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 103,775

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2013.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2013 are summarized as follows:

			Percentage of	Net	
Year	Annual		Annual OPEB	OPEB	
Ended	OPEB Cost		Cost Contributed	Obligation	
June 30, 2011	\$	33,731	29.51%	\$ 48,086	
June 30, 2012		36,529	33.03%	72,550	
June 30, 2013		51,369	29.78%	103,775	

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013, the actuarial accrued liability was \$340,152, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$340,152. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$7,900,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 4.3%. As of June 30, 2013, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation date, the unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumption includes a 2.5% discount rate based on the District's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 6%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 6%.

Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed from the retirement probabilities from the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2011 and applying the termination factors used in the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2011.

(8) Termination Benefits

The District offered a voluntary early retirement plan for certified employees. Eligible employees must have been at least age fifty-five and employees must have completed ten years of continuous service to the District. Employees must have completed an application which was required to be approved by the Board of Education. An eligible employee in the early retirement program may have elected to receive either option 1 or option 2. The option elected was stated in the application. Option 1 was a \$20,000 cash benefit payable over four (4) annual installments of \$5,000 each. Option 2 was a \$20,000 cash benefit payable over five (5) annual installments of \$4,000 each. Early retirement benefits paid during the year ended June 30, 2013, totaled \$128,041.

(9) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(10) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of lowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$430,125 for the year ended June 30, 2013 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(11) Related Party Transactions

The District had business transactions totaling \$29,650 between the District and District officials during the year ended June 30, 2013.

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

Two former employees have been charged with criminal charges and found guilty. The District has been named as a defendant in a related civil complaint, however any potential judgment is not expected to exceed insurance coverage and it is the opinion of management in consultation with legal counsel that the final settlement of this matter will not result in a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

(13) Restatement

The total beginning Net Position of government activities and the beginning Management Fund balance was increased by \$128,041 due to a recalculation of prior year liabilities.

Required Supplementary Information

Davis County Community School District
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances
Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds
Required Supplementary Information
Year ended June 30, 2013

	Governmental Funds Actual		Proprietary Fund Actual	Total Actual	Budgeted Amounts Original And Final	Final to Actual Variance- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	6,195,355	245,567	6,440,922	6,263,612	177,310
State sources		6,577,367	4,763	6,582,130	6,639,257	(57,127)
Federal sources		652,416	306,029	958,445	920,000	38,445
Total revenues		13,425,138	556,359	13,981,497	13,822,869	158,628
Expenditures:						
Instruction		8,165,898	_	8,165,898	8,526,500	360,602
Support services		3,749,490	_	3,749,490	3,911,000	161,510
Non-instructional programs		-	605,998	605,998	550,000	(55,998)
Other expenditures		1,269,321	<u>-</u>	1,269,321	1,373,126	103,805
Total expenditures		13,184,709	605,998	13,790,707	14,360,626	569,919
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		0.40.400	(40.000)	400 -00	()	(=00 = 4=)
expenditures		240,429	(49,639)	190,790	(537,757)	(728,547)
Other financing sources, net		4,357	291,719	296,076	-	(296,076)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures		244,786	242,080	486,866	(537,757)	(1,024,623)
Balances beginning of year, as restated		3,535,604	212,083	3,747,687	3,100,040	(647,647)
Balances end of year	\$	3,780,390	454,163	4,234,553	2,562,283	(1,672,270)

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with *Governmental Accounting Standards* Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of lowa also provides District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2013, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the non-instructional programs function.

Davis County Community School District Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan Required Supplementary Information Year ended June 30, 2013

Year Ended June 30,	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2011	July 1, 2008	\$ -	345,459	345,459	0.0%	7,500,000	4.6%
2012	July 1, 2008	-	317,410	317,410	0.0%	7,600,000	4.2%
2013	July 1, 2012	-	340,152	340,152	0.0%	7,900,000	4.3%

See Note 7 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation, funded status and funding progress.

Supplementary Information

Schedule 1

Davis County Community School District
Combining Balance Sheet
Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue					
	Ma	anagement '	Student			
		Levy	Activity	Total		
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	231,445	142,534	373,979		
Receivables:						
Property tax:		5,546		5 5 16		
Delinquent Succeeding year		199,999	-	5,546 199,999		
Succeeding year		133,333	<u> </u>	199,999		
Total assets	\$	436,990	142,534	579,524		
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	611	8,442	9,053		
Deferred revenue:		400.000		100.000		
Succeeding year property tax		199,999	- 0.440	199,999		
Total liabilities		200,610	8,442	209,052		
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Management levy purposes		236,380	-	236,380		
Student activities		-	134,092	134,092		
Total fund balances		236,380	134,092	370,472		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	436,990	142,534	579,524		

Schedule 2

Davis County Community School District

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2013

		S	pecial Revenue		
	Ma	Management			
		Levy	Activity	Total	
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Local tax	\$	299,235	-	299,235	
Other		5,065	246,093	251,158	
State sources		187	-	187	
Total revenues		304,487	246,093	550,580	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular		96,306	-	96,306	
Other		-	269,003	269,003	
Support services:					
Administration		133,147	-	133,147	
Operating and maintenance of plant		43,007	3,630	46,637	
Transportation		13,495	, -	13,495	
Total expenditures		285,955	272,633	558,588	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		18,532	(26,540)	(8,008)	
Fund balance beginning of year, as restated		217,848	160,632	378,480	
Fund balance end of year	\$	236,380	134,092	370,472	

Schedule 3

Davis County Community School District
Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts
Year ended June 30, 2013

		Balance				5. 5.
		ginning of	_		Intra-Fund	Balance End of
Account		Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers	Year
Senior High		40.400				
Yearbook	\$	10,129	7,006	6,298	-	10,837
Concessions		7,879	22,682	24,769	(1)	5,791
Mustang Media		1,250	10	-	-	1,260
Mustang Pride Day		70	75	-	-	145
Athletics		16,315	58,073	54,641	(16,000)	3,747
Football		(3,159)	8,567	7,250	3,000	1,158
Baseball		304	1,720	1,281	1,250	1,993
Boys' Track		139	852	120	1,251	2,122
Wrestling		3,167	5,993	6,570	1,001	3,591
Cross Country		5,587	2,595	6,118	500	2,564
Girls' Basketball		3,514	2,781	6,878	2,250	1,667
Boys' Basketball		622	2,419	4,916	2,250	375
Girls' Softball		3,048	5,001	7,879	1,250	1,420
Girls' Track		2,142	7,003	5,363	1,250	5,032
Girls' Volleyball		3,264	150	1,717	1,001	2,698
Instrumental Music		4,874	9,746	12,965	-	1,655
Soda		2,239	1,696	1,971	(1)	1,963
Vocal Music		2,749	7,962	6,979	1	3,733
Speech		372	, -	214	_	158
3 Act Play		1,408	2,024	1,523	_	1,909
Future Farmers of America		20,742	36,495	37,164	1,015	21,088
Quiz Bowl		23	-	-	-	23
National Honor Society		241	532	727	_	46
Cheerleading		5,017	7,619	5,829	_	6,807
Spanish Club		2,225	253	540	(1,016)	922
Student Council		1,558	606	708	(. , ,	1,456
Art Club		340	6,369	6,198	(1)	510
Girls' Tennis		1,107	-	-	250	1,357
Boys' Tennis		427	448	594	250	531
Class of 2011		6	-	-	-	6
Class of 2012		771	_	771	_	-
Class of 2013		1,135	807	1,781	_	161
Class of 2014		1,021	5,516	4,545	_	1,992
Class of 2015		681	813	69	_	1,425
Class of 2016		54	439	69	(1)	423
Future Educators of America		2,160	1,311	2,573	(1)	423 897
Girls' Golf		1,105	316	2,573 528	250	1,143
Octagon Club		30	310	520	230	30
		530	675	1 110	-	
High School Academics				1,119	-	86 1 774
HS Milk		6,971	3,432	8,629	-	1,774
HS Letter Jackets		143	226	324	-	45
IA Science Club		4,832	22	1,918	-	2,936
Boys' Golf		614	849	215	250	1,498
Subtotal		117,646	213,083	231,753	(2)	98,974

Schedule 3

Davis County Community School District
Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts
Year ended June 30, 2013

		Balance				
	Ве	ginning of			Intra-Fund	Balance End of
Account		Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers	Year
Middle School						
Athletics		2,484	9,381	9,762	1	2,104
Vocal Music		5,952	1,716	1,806	-	5,862
Instrumental Music		929	335	345	-	919
Student Council		717	1,272	1,000	-	989
Yearbook		1,719	1,941	3,182	-	478
7th/8th Football		955	-	-	-	955
7th/8th Girls Basketball		5	-	-	-	5
7th/8th Boys' Basketball		61	-	-	-	61
Cross Country		161	-	-	-	161
Girls' Track		1,217	-	-	-	1,217
8th Volleyball		29	-	-	-	29
Wrestling		28	-	-	-	28
Student Council Pop Cans		149	29	-	1	179
Middle School Academics		12,551	7,526	11,939	-	8,138
Middle School Milk		4,437	7,116	7,017	(1)	4,535
Mutchler Rental		855	-	-	-	855
Gifted/Talented		2,521	1,132	35	-	3,618
Subtotal		34,770	30,448	35,086	1	30,133
Bloomfield Elementary						
Academics		7,766	348	3,589	_	4,525
Elementary Pop		230	-	-	_	230
Home School		50	2,214	2,205	1	60
Interest		170	-	-	-	170
Subtotal		8,216	2,562	5,794	1	4,985
Total	\$	160,632	246,093	272,633	-	134,092

Schedule 4

Davis County Community School District
Combining Balance Sheet
Capital Project Accounts
June 30, 2013

		Capital Projects				
	Statewide Sale Services and Use		Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total		
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	1,309,660	78,993	1,388,653		
Receivables:						
Property tax:						
Delinquent		-	2,260	2,260		
Succeeding year		-	98,844	98,844		
Due from other governments		359,461	-	359,461		
Total assets	\$	1,669,121	180,097	1,849,218		
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	18,502	685	19,187		
Deferred revenue:						
Succeeding year property tax		-	98,844	98,844		
Total liabilities		18,502	99,529	118,031		
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Debt service		803,030	_	803,030		
School infrastructure		847,589	-	847,589		
Physical plant and equipment		-	80,568	80,568		
Total fund balances		1,650,619	80,568	1,731,187		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,669,121	180,097	1,849,218		

Schedule 5

Davis County Community School District

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Capital Project Accounts
Year ended June 30, 2013

	Capital Projects				
	Sta	tewide Sales,	Physical Plant	-	
	Serv	ices and Use	and Equipment		
	Tax		Levy	Total	
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Local tax	\$	1,004,006	94,798	1,098,804	
Other		3,987	272	4,259	
State sources		-	59	59	
Total revenues		1,007,993	95,129	1,103,122	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Support services:					
Instructional staff		40,735	42,051	82,786	
Operation and maintenance of plant		-	7,200	7,200	
Transportation		97,863	-	97,863	
Other expenditures:					
Facilities acquisition		17,183	56,183	73,366	
Total expenditures		155,781	105,434	261,215	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		852,212	(10,305)	841,907	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of equipment		435	-	435	
Operating transfers in (out)		(843,030)	-	(843,030)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(842,595)	-	(842,595)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources					
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		9,617	(10,305)	(688)	
Fund balances beginning of year		1,641,002	90,873	1,731,875	
Fund balances end of year	\$	1,650,619	80,568	1,731,187	

Davis County Community School District Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds For the Last Ten Years

Schedule 6

					Mod	dified Accrual Basis	<u> </u>			
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Revenues:										
Local sources:										
Local tax	\$ 5,218,900	4,514,183	4,212,154	3,982,845	3,912,580	3,661,556	3,759,205	3,692,023	3,298,803	2,868,349
Tuition	646,647	648,017	556,696	426,341	450,219	476,889	523,010	600,186	560,369	426,545
Other	329,808	554,943	590,253	458,279	530,792	467,508	445,742	403,411	374,513	370,043
State sources	6,577,367	6,607,731	6,369,502	5,498,043	6,539,708	5,914,312	5,810,933	5,515,711	5,588,939	5,174,073
Federal sources	652,416	811,184	1,011,849	1,461,585	761,386	690,483	786,793	1,029,880	1,390,813	649,006
Total	\$ 13,425,138	13,136,058	12,740,454	11,827,093	12,194,685	11,210,748	11,325,683	11,241,211	11,213,437	9,488,016
Expenditures:										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$ 5,991,325	5,728,254	5,581,992	5,908,935	5,670,214	5,323,249	5,067,509	4,937,473	4,061,128	3,836,553
Special	1,446,052	1,610,050	1,275,892	1,457,209	1,430,994	1,393,701	1,234,633	1,385,202	2,012,697	1,783,994
Other	728,521	835,838	848,494	586,024	474,335	457,030	426,860	437,152	1,011,658	806,413
Support services:										
Student	269,932	281,174	270,702	265,204	261,647	300,165	283,987	257,427	275,258	229,569
Instructional staff	273,314	211,987	166,077	217,841	180,304	150,229	161,232	126,382	270,315	263,706
Administration	1,461,693	1,458,682	1,542,486	1,436,589	1,432,204	1,474,623	1,413,251	1,436,205	1,264,451	990,996
Operation and maintenance										
of plant	954,957	905,301	912,164	996,407	718,539	723,406	691,604	619,083	617,424	605,722
Transportation	789,594	756,157	670,746	785,356	789,870	919,032	805,241	709,096	619,903	597,750
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,690	8,241	8,055
Other expenditures:										
Facilities acquisition	73,366	119,190	3,344,398	5,521,775	793,262	252,576	363,879	684,979	1,169,972	214,957
Long-term debt:										
Principal	320,000	285,000	170,000	-	255,000	250,000	245,000	245,000	240,000	240,000
Interest and other charges	445,830	458,093	468,630	248,108	172,939	14,527	20,138	25,620	29,990	36,070
AEA flowthrough	430,125	417,367	460,092	456,463	422,045	395,919	371,339	355,258	355,649	342,137
Total	\$ 13,184,709	13,067,093	15,711,673	17,879,911	12,601,353	11,654,457	11,084,673	11,222,567	11,936,686	9,955,922

Schedule 7

Davis County Community School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year ended June 30, 2013

Grantor/Program Indirect:	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Iowa Department of Education: School Nutrition Cluster Programs:			
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555	FY 13 FY 13	\$ 45,737 260,292 306,029
U.S. Department of Education: lowa Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	FY 13	402,808
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	FY 13	900
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	FY 13	27,889
Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358	FY 13	22,162
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	FY 13	77,874
Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	84.369	FY 13	7,768
Area Education Agency: Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	FY 13	62,623
Reading Is Fundamental: Fund For The Improvement Of Education	84.215	FY 13	1,005
University Of Northern Iowa: Investing In Innovation (SFSF)	84.396	FY 13	126
Total			\$ 909,184

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the Davis County Community School District for the year ended June 30, 2013. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included in the schedule. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of states, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

For governmental funds, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measureable and available. For proprietary funds, in accordance with the accrued basis of accounting, revenues from federal grants are recognized in the period they are earned. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

Note 3. Noncash Assistance

The schedule includes federal awards in the form of noncash assistance (commodities) received during the year in the amount of \$41,354 related to USDA Commodities grants provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture passed through the Iowa Department of Education, CFDA No. 10.555.

Note 4. Federal Loan Outstanding

The District participates in the following loan program for which payments are not required to be included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Outstanding Balance

CFDA # Program As of June 30, 2013

10.854 Rural Economic Development Loan \$300,000



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of Davis County Community School District:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Davis County Community School District, Bloomfield, lowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 23, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Davis County Community School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Davis County Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Davis County Community School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Davis County Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Davis County Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Van Maanen, Sietstra & Meyer, PC Certified Public Accountants

Van Mainen, Sietstra & Meger, PC

October 23, 2013



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program, on Internal Control over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Education of Davis County Community School District:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Davis County Community School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Davis County Community School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. Davis County Community School District's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Davis County Community School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Davis County Community School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Davis County Community School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Davis County Community School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Davis County Community School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Davis County Community School District's internal control over compliance with type of requirements

that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Davis County Community School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Van Maanen, Sietstra & Meyer, PC Certified Public Accountants

Van Mainen, Sietstra & Meyer, PC

October 23, 2013

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) No material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) No material weaknesses in internal control over major programs were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program.
- (f) The audit disclosed no audit findings which were required to be reported in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- (g) Major programs were as follows:
 - Clustered Programs:
 - CFDA Number 10.553 School Breakfast Program
 - CFDA Number 10.555 National School Lunch Program
 - CFDA Number 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- (i) Davis County Community School District qualified as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were noted.

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were noted.

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

IV-A-13 Certified Budget - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2013, exceeded the amended certified budget amount in the non-instructional programs function.

Recommendation – The certified budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 24.9 of the Code of lowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response – Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Transaction

Conclusion – Response accepted.

Name, Title and

- IV-B-13 Questionable Expenditures No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- IV-C-13 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-13 <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the District and District officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Business Connection	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Rick Lynch, Brother to Board Member Rod Lynch Lynch Law Office	Legal Services	\$6,551
Doug Dixon, Board Member Mind's Ear Music	Services	1,075
Don Huggins, Brother-in-law of Director of Support Services Dan Roberts Huggins Electric	Electrical Services	21,986
Lincoln Lynch, Son of Board Member Rod Lynch Lynch Boys Auction	Sales Commissions	38

Recommendation - The District may want to consult legal counsel to determine disposition whether any of these transactions are in violation of the Code of Iowa.

Response - We will consider the need to consult with legal counsel.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- IV-E-13 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-F-13 Board Minutes No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.

IV-G-13 <u>Certified Enrollment</u> – A variance in the basic enrollment data certified to the lowa Department of Education was noted.

Recommendation – The certified enrollment data should be corrected.

Response – We will attempt to correct certified enrollment errors in the future.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

- IV-H-13 <u>Supplementary Weighting</u> No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the lowa Department of Education were noted.
- IV-I-13 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
- IV-J-13 Certified Annual Report The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the lowa Department of Education.
- IV-K-13 <u>Categorical Funding</u> No instances were noted of categorical funding used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.
- IV-L-13 <u>Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax</u> No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of lowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the lowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR:

Beginning balance		\$ 1,641,002
Revenues/transfers in:		
Sales tax revenues	\$ 1,004,006	
Other local revenues	4,422	1,008,428
		2,649,430
Expenditures/transfers out		
School infrastructure construction	17,183	
Equipment	138,598	
Transfers to other funds:		
Debt service funds	 843,030	998,811
Ending balance		\$ 1,650,619

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District reduced the following levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa:

	F	Rate of Levy	
	R	eduction Per	
		\$1,000 of	
		Taxable	Property Tax
		Valuation	Dollars Reduced
Debt service levy	\$	3.60134	1,004,006